

ANNEX B

Florasulam

Appendix G : Standard Terms and Abbreviations

Part 1 Technical Terms

A	ampere
ACH	acetylcholine
AChE	acetylcholinesterase
ADI	acceptable daily intake
ADP	adenosine diphosphate
AFID	alkali flame-ionization detector or detection
A/G	albumin/globulin ratio
ai	active ingredient
ALD ₅₀	approximate median lethal dose, 50%
AOEL	acceptable operator exposure level
AMD	automatic multiple development
approx.	approximate
as	active substance
at. wt.	atomic weight
ATP	adenosine triphosphate
BCF	bioconcentration factor
bfa	body fluid assay
BOD	biological oxygen demand
b.p.	boiling point
BSP	bromosulphophthalein
BUN	blood urea nitrogen
bw	body weight
c	centi- ($\times 10^{-2}$)
°C	degree celsius (centigrade)
CAD	computer aided design
cd	candela
CDA	controlled drop(let) application
CEC	cation exchange capacity
cf	confer, compare to
ChE	cholinesterase
cm	centimetre
CNS	central nervous system
CoC	code of conduct
COD	chemical oxygen demand
cu	cubic

cv	coefficient of variation
Cv	ceiling value
cyt	cytogenetic analysis
d	day
DL	racemic (optical configuration, a mixture of dextro- and laevo-; preceding a
dlt	dominant lethal test
DMSO	dimethylsulfoxide
DNA	deoxyribonucleic Acid
dnd	DNA-damage
dni	DNA-inhibition
dnr	DNA-repair
dns	unscheduled DNA-synthesis
DO	dissolved oxygen
DOC	dissolved organic carbon
DT	disappearance time
DTH	delayed-type hypersensitivity
EC	effective concentration
ECD	electron capture detector
ELISA	enzyme linked immunosorbent assay
EMDI	estimated maximum daily intake
EP	end-use product
ERL	extraneous residue limit
F ₀	parental generation
F ₁	filial generation, first
F ₂	filial generation, second
FID	flame ionization detector
f.p.	freezing point
FPD	flame photometric detector
FPLC	fast protein liquid chromatography
g	gram
GAP	good agricultural practice
GC-EC	gas chromatography with electron capture detector
GC-MS	gas chromatography-mass spectrometry
GC-MSD	gas chromatography with mass-selective detection
GEP	good experimental practice

GFP	good field practice
G.I.	gastro-intestinal
GIT	gastro-intestinal tract
GL	guideline level
GLC	gas liquid chromatography
GLP	good laboratory practice
GPC	gel-permeation chromatography
GPPP	good plant protection practice
h	hour(s)
ha	hectare
Hb	haemoglobin
HCG	human chorionic gonadotropin
hl	hectolitre
hma	host-mediated assay
HPLC	high pressure liquid chromatography or high performance liquid
HPPLC	high pressure planar liquid chromatography
HPTLC	high performance thin layer chromatography
HRGC	high resolution gas chromatography
Ht	haematocrit
I ₅₀	inhibitory dose, 50%
IC ₅₀	median immobilization concentration
i.d.	internal diameter
ID	ionization detector
i.m.	intramuscular
inh	inhalation
i.p.	intraperitoneal
IPM	integrated pest management
IR	infrared
i.v.	intravenous
k	kilo
K	Kelvin
kg	kilogram
l	litre
LBC	loosely bound capacity
LC	lethal concentration

LC	liquid chromatography
LC ₅₀	lethal concentration, median
LCA	life cycle analysis
LC _{Lo}	lethal concentration low
LD ₅₀	lethal dose, median; dosis letalis media
LD _{Lo}	lethal dose low
LOAEL	lowest observable adverse effect level
LOD	limit of determination
LOEC	lowest observable effect concentration
LOEL	lowest observable effect level
LPLC	low pressure liquid chromatography
LSC	liquid scintillation counting or counter
LT	lethal threshold
m	metre
M	molar
MCH	mean corpuscular haemoglobin
MCHC	mean corpuscular haemoglobin concentration
MCV	mean corpuscular volume
µg	microgram
mg	milligram
min	minute(s)
ml	millilitre
MLD	minimum lethal dose
mm	millimetre
mma	microsomal mutagenicity test
mmo	mutation in microorganisms
mnt	micronucleus test
mo	month(s)
mol	Mol
m.p.	melting point
MP	manufacturing-use product
mrc	gene conversion and mitotic recombination
MRE	maximum residue expected
MRL	maximum residue level
msc	mutation in mammalian somatic cells
MSDS	material safety data sheet
MTD	maximum tolerated dose

n	normal (defining isomeric configuration)
NAEL	no adverse effect level
n.d.r.	not dose-related
NEDI	no effect daily intake (mg/kg body wt/day)
NEL	no effect level
NERL	no effect residue level
NMR	nuclear magnetic resonance
no.	number
NOAEL	no observed adverse effect level
NOEC	no observed effect concentration
NOED	no observed effect dose
NOEL	no observed effect level
NOIS	notice of intent to suspend
NPD	nitrogen-phosphorus detector or detection
nse	non standard exposure
o	ortho (indicating position in a chemical name)
ODP	ozone-depleting potential
OP	organophosphorous pesticide
otr	oncogenic transformation
p	para (indicating position in a chemical name)
Pa	pascal
2-PAM	2-pralidoxime
PC	paper chromatography
PCV	haematocrit (packed corpuscular volume)
PD	position document
PEC	predicted environmental concentration
PED	plasma-emissions-detector
pH	pH-value
PHI	pre-harvest interval
pic	phage inhibition capacity
PNEC	predicted no effect concentration
p.o.	by mouth
P _{ow}	partition coefficient between n-octanol and water
ppb	parts per billion
ppm	parts per million
ppq	parts per quadrillion
ppt	parts per trillion

PSP	phenolsulfophthalein
PrT	prothrombin time
PRL	practical residue limit
PT	prothrombin time
PTT	partial thromboplastin time
RAC	raw agriculture commodity
RBC	red blood cell
Rf	ratio of fronts
RL ₅₀	residual lifetime
RNA	ribonucleic acid
rns	rinsed
RPM	reversed phase material
RRT	relative retention time
s.c.	subcutaneous
SAC	strong adsorption capacity
SAP	serum alkaline phosphatase
SBLC	shallow bed liquid chromatography
sce	sister chromatid exchange
SD	standard deviation
SE	standard error
SEP	standard evaluation procedure
SF	safety factor
SFC	supercritical fluid chromatography
SFE	supercritical fluid extraction
SIMS	secondary ion mass spectroscopy
sin	sex chromosome loss and nondisjunction
slt	specific locus test
sp/spp.	species (only after a generic name)
SPE	solid phase extraction
SPF	specific pathogen free
sp gr	specific gravity
spm	sperm morphology
sq	square
SSD	sulphur specific detector
SSMS	spark source mass spectrometry
STEL	short term exposure limit
SVAT	soil-vegetation-atmosphere transfer

t	tonne (metric ton)
TADI	temporary acceptable daily intake
TBC	tightly bound capacity
TCD	thermal conductivity detector
TC _{Lo}	toxic concentration, low
TD	thermionic detector, alkali flame detector
TD _{Lo}	toxic dose low
tert	tertiary (in a chemical name)
TEP	typical end-use product
TGAI	technical grade of the active ingredient
TLC	thin layer chromatography
Tlm	median tolerance limit
TLV	threshold limit value
TMDI	theoretical maximum daily intake
TMRC	theoretical maximum residue contribution
TMRL	temporary maximum residue limit
TOC	total organic carbon
trn	heritable translocation test
TWA	time weighted average
UDS	unscheduled DNA synthesis
ULV	ultra low volume
UV	ultraviolet
v/v	volume ratio (volume per volume)
WBC	white blood cell
wk	week
wt	weight
wt/vol	weight per volume
w/w	weight per weight
yr	year
<	less than
≤	less than or equal to
>	greater than
≥	greater than or equal to

Part 2 Organisations and Publications

BA	Biological Abstracts (Philadelphia)
CA	Chemical Abstracts
CAC	Codex Alimentarius Commission
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service
CCPR	Codex Committee on Pesticide Residues
CIPAC	Collaborative International Pesticides Analytical Council Ltd
COREPER	Comite des Representants Permanents
EC	European Commission
ECCA	European Crop Care Association
ECPA	European Crop Protection Association
EHCD	Environmental Health Criteria Document
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
EPPO	European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization
EU	European Union
FAO	Food and Agriculture Organization of the UN
FJCMF	Joint FAO/WHO Food and Animal Feed Contamination Monitoring Programme
GATT	General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade
GIFAP	Groupement International des Associations Nationales de Fabricants de Produits Agrochimiques
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IBT	Industrial Bio-Test Laboratories
IMO	International Maritime Organisation
IOBC	International Organization for Biological Control of Noxious Animals and Plants
IPCS	International Programme on Chemical Safety
IR-4	Interregional Research Project No 4
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
IUPAC	International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry
JECFA	FAO/WHO Joint Expert Committee on Food Additives
JMPR	Joint Meeting of the FAO Panel of Experts on Pesticide Residues in Food and the Environment and the WHO Expert Group on Pesticide Residues (Joint Meeting on Pesticide Residues)

NATO	North Atlantic Treaty Organisation
NCI	National Cancer Institute (USA)
NCTR	National Center for Toxicological Research (USA)
NGO	non-governmental organization
OECD	Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development
PAN	Pesticide Action Network
RNN	Re-registration Notification Network
SCPH	Standing Committee on Plant Health
SI	Système International d'Unités
SITC	Standard International Trade Classification
UN	United Nations
UNEP	United Nations Environment Programme
WHO	World Health Organization
WTO	World Trade Organization
WWF	World Wildlife Fund

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Appendix H : Preparation (Formulation) Types and Codes

Preparation (Formulation) Types and Codes*

Code	Description	Definition
AB	Grain bait	Special forms of bait.
AE	Aerosol dispenser	A container-held preparation which is dispersed generally by a propellant as fine droplets/particles upon actuation of a valve.
AL	Other liquids to be applied undiluted	Self defining.
BB	Block baits	Special forms of bait.
BR	Briquette	Solid block designed for controlled release of active substance into water.
CB	Bait concentrate	A solid or liquid intended for dilution before use as a bait.
CG	Encapsulated granule	A granule with a protective or release controlling coating.
CS	Capsule suspension	A stable suspension of capsules in a fluid normally intended for dilution with water before use.
DC	Dispersible concentrate	A liquid homogeneous preparation to be applied as a solid dispersion after dilution in water.
DP	Dustable powder	A free-flowing powder suitable for dusting.
DS	Powder for dry seed treatment	A powder for application in the dry state directly to seed.
EC	Emulsifiable concentrate	A liquid, homogeneous preparation to be applied as an emulsion after dilution in water.
ED	Electrochargeable liquid	Special liquid preparation for electrostatic (electrodynamic) spraying.
EO	Emulsion, water in oil	A fluid, heterogeneous preparation consisting of a dispersion of fine globules of pesticide in water in a continuous organic liquid phase.
ES	Emulsion for seed treatment	A stable emulsion for application to the seed either directly or after dilution.
EW	Emulsion, oil in water	A fluid, heterogeneous preparation consisting of a dispersion of fine globules of pesticide in an organic liquid in a continuous water phase.
FD	Smoke tin	Special form of smoke generator.
FG	Fine granule	A granule in the particle size range from 300 to 2500 µ.
FK	Smoke candle	A smoke generator in the form of a candle.
FP	Smoke cartridge	Special form of smoke generator.
FR	Smoke rodlet	Special form of smoke generator.
FS	Flowable concentrate for seed treatment	A stable suspension for application to the seed either directly or after dilution.
FT	Smoke tablet	Special form of smoke generator.
FU	Smoke generator	A combustible preparation generally solid, which upon ignition releases the active substances in the form of a smoke.

Code	Description	Definition
FW	Smoke pellet	Special form of smoke generator.
GA	Gas	A gas packed in pressure bottle or pressure tank.
GB	Granular bait	Special forms of bait.
GE	Gas generating product	A preparation which generates a gas by chemical reaction.
GG	Macrogranule	A granule in the particle size range from 2000 to 6000 µ.
GP	Flo-dust	Very fine dustable powder for pneumatic application in glass-houses.
GR	Granule	A free-flowing solid preparation of a defined granule size range ready for use.
GS	Grease	Very viscous preparation based on oil or fat.
HN	Hot fogging concentrate	A preparation suitable for application by fogging equipment either directly or after dilution.
KN	Cold fogging concentrate	A preparation suitable for application by cold fogging equipment, either directly or after dilution.
LA	Lacquer	A solvent based film-forming preparation.
LS	Solution for seed treatment	A solution for application to the seed either directly or after dilution.
MG	Microgranule	A granule in the particle size range from 100 to 600 µ.
OF	Oil miscible flowable (=oil active substances in a miscible suspension)	A stable suspension of concentrate fluid intended for dilution in an organic liquid before use.
OL	Oil miscible liquid	A liquid, homogenous preparation to be applied as a homogenous liquid after dilution in an organic liquid.
OP	Oil dispersible powder	A powder preparation to be applied as a suspension after dispersion in an organic liquid.
PA	Paste	A water based film forming preparation.
PB	Plate bait	Special forms of bait.
PC	Gel or paste concentrate	A solid preparation to be applied as a gel or a paste after dilution with water.
PR	Plant rodlet	A small rodlet, usually a few centimetres in length and a few millimetres in diameter containing active substance.
PS	Seed coated with a pesticide	Self defining.
RB	Bait (ready for use)	A preparation designed to attract and be eaten by the target species.
SB	Scrap bait	Special forms of bait.
SC	Suspension concentrate	A stable suspension of active substance(s) in a fluid (= flowable concentrate) intended for dilution with water before use.
SE	Suspo-emulsion	A fluid, heterogeneous preparation consisting of a stable dispersion of active substance(s) in the form of solid particles and of fine globules in a

Code	Description	Definition
		continuous water phase.
SG	Water soluble granules	A preparation consisting of granules to be applied as a true solution of active substance after dissolution in water but may contain insoluble inert ingredients.
SL	Soluble concentrate	A liquid homogenous preparation to be applied as a true solution of the active substance after dilution with water.
SO	Spreading oil	A preparation designed to form a surface layer on application to water.
SP	Water soluble powder	A powder preparation to be applied as a true solution of the active substance after solution in water but which may contain insoluble inert ingredients.
SS	Water soluble powder for seed treatment	A powder to be dissolved in water before application to the seed.
SU	Ultra low volume (ULV) suspension	A suspension ready for use through ULV equipment.
TB	Tablet	Solid preparation in the form of small, flat plates for dissolution in water.
TP	Tracking powder	A rodenticidal contact preparation in powder form.
UL	Ultra low volume (ULV) liquid	A homogenous liquid ready for use through ULV equipment.
VP	Vapour releasing product	A preparation containing one or more volatile ingredients, the vapours of which are released into the air. Evaporation rate normally is controlled by using suitable preparations and/or dispensers.
WG	Water dispersible granule	A preparation granule consisting of granules to be applied after disintegration and dispersion in water.
WP	Wettable powder	A powder preparation to be applied as a suspension after dispersion in water.
WS	Water dispersible powder for slurry seed treatment	A powder to be dispersed at high concentration in water before application as a slurry to the seed.
XX	Others	

*based upon the catalogue of Pesticide Formulation types and International Coding Systems, developed by GIFAP in co-operation with the German working group on documentation questions. (Arbeitsgruppe EDV Pflanzenschutz Versuchswesen). GIFAP Technical Monograph No 2. 1989.